

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier Trade name or designation of the mixture	AGL 1		
Synonyms	None.		
Product code	BDS000228		
Issue date	29-July-2020		
Version number	01		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of t	the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Lubricants		
Uses advised against	None known.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet			
Company name	CRC Industries UK Ltd.		
Address	Wylds Road		
	Castlefield Industrial Estate		
	TA6 4DD Bridgwater Somerset		
	United Kingdom		
Telephone	+44 1278 727200		
Fax	+44 1278 425644		
E-mail	hse.uk@crcind.com		
Website	www.crcind.com		
1.4. Emergency telephone	Tel.:(+44)(0)1278 72 7200 (office hours)		

number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Physical hazards Aerosols	Category 2	H223 - Flammable aerosol. H229 - Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
Hazard summary	Aerosol CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or hazards. However, occupational exposure to the mixture or s health effects.	
2.2. Label elements		
Label according to Regulation Hazard pictograms	(EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended	
Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements		
H223 H229	Flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention		
P102	Keep out of reach of children.	

evention	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response	Not available.
Storage	
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Not available.
Supplemental label information	EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
2.3. Other hazards	None of the ingredients of this mixture does meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Annex XIII

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	50 - 75	EC926-141-6 -	01-2119456620-43	-	
Classification:	Asp. Tox.	1;H304			
Carbon dioxide	1 - 5	124-38-9 204-696-9	Exempt	-	#
Classification:	Press. Ga	s;H280			
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	1 - 5	34590-94-8 252-104-2	01-2119450011-60	-	#
Classification:	-				
Sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	1 - 5	68608-26-4 271-781-5	01-2119527859-22	-	
Classification:	Eye Irrit. 2	;H319			

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

#: This substance has been assigned Union workplace exposure limit(s).

M: M-factor

media

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.		
4.1. Description of first aid meas	sures		
Inhalation	If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.		
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Ingestion	In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control centre.		
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort.		
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically.		
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures			
General fire hazards	Flammable aerosol.		
5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).		
Unsuitable extinguishing	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.		

5.2. Special hazards arising
from the substance or mixtureContents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.
During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

5.3. Advice for firefighters Special protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Special fire fighting procedures	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

• • •	
For non-emergency personnel	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Pressurised container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
7.3. Specific end use(s)	Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Components	Туре	Value	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	27400 mg/m3	
		15000 ppm	
	TWA	9150 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU

Components	гуре	value	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	TWA	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)	TWA	308 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

General Population Components Value Assessment factor Notes Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Long-term, Systemic, Dermal 121 mg/kg bw/day 16.8 Repeated dose toxicity Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation 37.2 mg/m3 Repeated dose toxicity Long-term, Systemic, Oral 0.33 mg/kg bw/day 600 Repeated dose toxicity **Workers** Components Value Assessment factor Notes

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8)

	54550-54-0)		
Long-term, Systemic, Dermal	283 mg/kg bw/day	10.08	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation	308 mg/m3		Repeated dose toxicity

Petrolatum; Petrolatum; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as a semi-solid from dewaxing paraffinic residual oil. It consists predominantly of saturated crystalline and liquid hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly greater than C25. (CAS 8009-03-8)

Long-term, Systemic, Dermal	5.8 mg/kg
Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation	2.7 mg/m3

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)

Components	Value	Assessment factor Notes
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	(CAS 34590-94-8)	
Freshwater	19.2 mg/l	100
Intermittent releases	192 mg/l	10
Marine water	1.92 mg/l	1000
Sediment (freshwater)	70.2 mg/kg	
Soil	2.74 mg/kg	

Exposure guidelines

UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (CAS 34590-94-8) Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
Individual protection measure	s, such as personal protective equipment
General information	Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.
Eye/face protection	Use eye protection conforming to EN 166.
Skin protection	
- Hand protection	When handling the product wear chemical-resistant gloves (standard EN 374). The breakthrough time of the glove should be longer than the total duration of product use. If work lasts longer than the breakthrough time, gloves should be changed part-way through. Full contact: Glove material: nitrile. Use gloves with breakthrough time of 480 minutes. Minimum glove thickness 0.38 mm.
- Other	Not available.
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measuresWhen using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing
after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work
clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.Environmental exposureEmissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply

controls with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Physica

sical state	Liauid.

Form	Aerosol
Colour	Amber.
Odour	Salicylate.
Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	-80 °C (-112 °F) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	75.0 °C (167.0 °F) Closed cup
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	0.83 g/cm3
Relative density temperature	20 °C (68 °F)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	> 200 °C (> 392 °F)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
9.2. Other information	
Aerosol spray enclosed spa	
Deflagration density	> 400 s/m³
Aerosol spray ignition	60 cm

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

560 g/l

distance VOC

10.1. Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Avoid high temperatures.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information	Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.
Information on likely routes of	fexposure
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Eye contact	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.
Symptoms	Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort.
	the standard

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Mixture versus substance information	Not available.
Other information	Not available.
SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

	possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	Not available.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This mixture does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
12.6. Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR	
14.1. UN number	UN1950
14.2. UN proper shipping	AEROSOLS
name	
14.3. Transport hazard class((es)
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Hazard No. (ADR)	Not available.
Tunnel restriction code	D
ADR/RID - Classification	5F
code:	
14.4. Packing group	Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards No 14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. for user ΙΑΤΑ 14.1. UN number UN1950 14.2. UN proper shipping **AEROSOLS** name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class 21 Subsidiary risk Not applicable 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards No 14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. for user IMDG UN1950 14.1. UN number AEROSOLS 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 2.1 Class Subsidiary risk Not applicable 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards Marine pollutant No FmS F-D.S-U 14.6. Special precautions Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. for user 14.7. Transport in bulk Not established. according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code ADR; IATA; IMDG



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

- Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended Not listed.

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Not listed.

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU or	n major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended
Not listed.	
Other regulations	The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.
National regulations	This safety data sheet conforms to the following laws, regulations and standards: This safety data sheet conforms to the following laws, regulations and standards: Act on the management of packaging and packaging waste of June 13, 2013 Regulation of the Minister of Health of June 11, 2012 on the categories of dangerous substances and dangerous preparations whose packaging should be fitted with child-resistant closures and a tactile warning of danger REGULATION OF THE MINISTER OF HEALTH of February 2, 2011 on tests and measurements of factors harmful to health in working environments Regulation of Ministry of Labor and Social Policy of June 6, 2014. On the matter of maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of harmful factors in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2014, item. 817) Chemical Safety at Workplace Ordinance Joint Decree No. 25/2000 (Annex 2): Permissible limit values of biological exposure (effect) indices Decree No. 25/2000. (IX. 30.) EüM-SzCSM of the Minister of Health and the Minister of Social and Family Affairs on chemical safety at work Act No. 93 of 1993 on Labour Safety (1993.évi XCIII.), as amended Government Decree No. 220 of 2004 (VII. 21.) providing rules on the protection of surface waters quality Government Decree No. 98/2001 (VI. 15.), on the conditions of the activities related to hazardous waste, and Ministry of Environmental Affairs Decree No. 16/2001 (VII. 18.), on the register of waste s Public Act No. XXV of 2000 on Chemical Safety, and Application Decree No. 44/2000. (XII.27.) EüM [of the Ministry of Health] Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as amended.
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

List of appreviations	
	 ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP). Ceiling: Short Term Exposure Limit Ceiling value. CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures. GWP: Global Warming Potential. IATA: International Air Transport Association. MAK: Threshold limit values Germany (Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentration - DFG). REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning Registration, Evaluation Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals). RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail (Règlement International concernant le transport de marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer). TLV: Threshold Limit Value. TWA: Time Weighted Average. VOC: Volatile organic compounds.
	STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit.
References	Not available.
Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture	The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.
Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15	H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Revision information Training information Disclaimer H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. None.

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

CRC Industries Europe UK Limited cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.